



United States Department of Agriculture

USDA Forest Service Woody Biomass Feedstock Research

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Forest Service Research & Development

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Forest Service

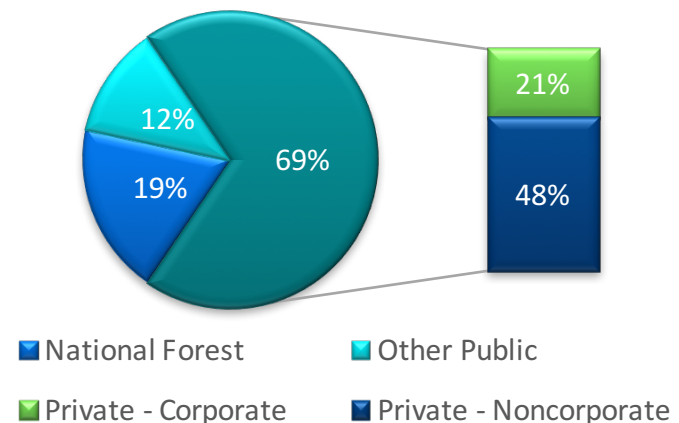
Research & Development

Forest Service R&D Mission

- **Improve the health and use of the Nation's forests and rangelands**
 - ~750 million acres forest;
 - ~587 million acres range/grassland



Timberland Area



Forests: A Strategic Asset

- **Energy Security**
- **Environmental quality**
- **Economic opportunity**



Bioenergy and Bioproducts R&D

- **Goals**

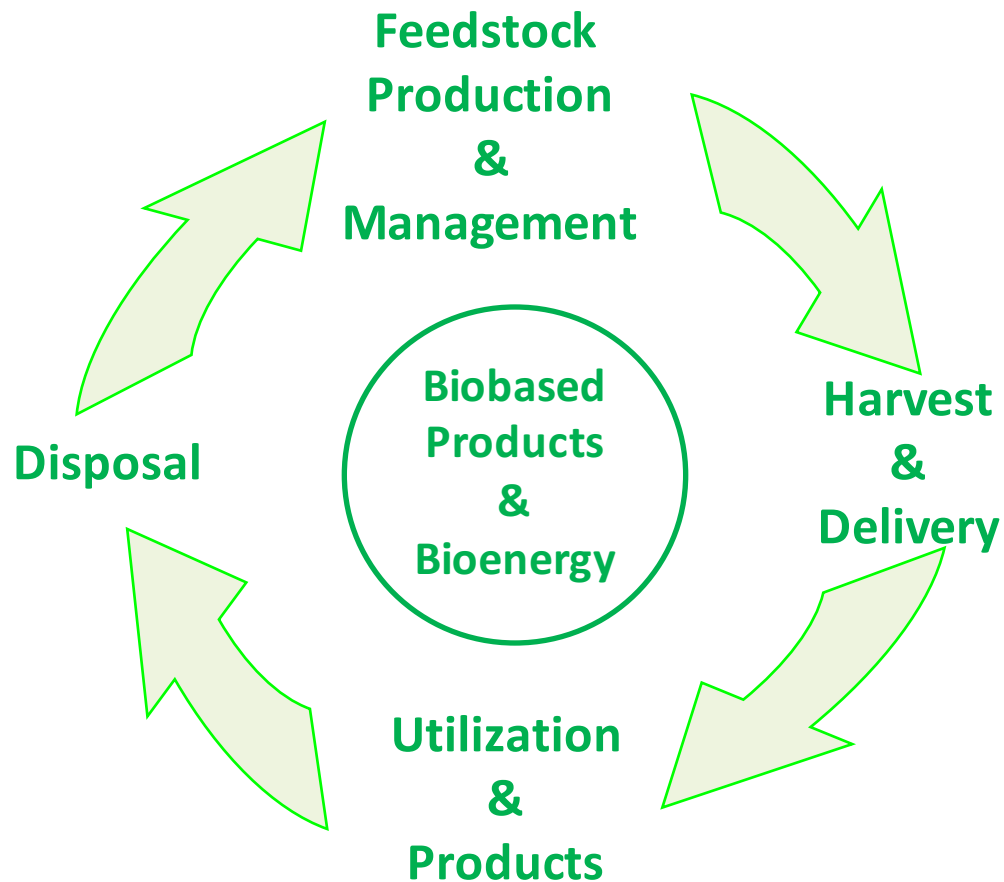
- Sustaining existing and restoring selected systems
- Enhancing capacity to meet future resource needs
- Managing for increasing levels of benefits
- Reducing investor risk
- Contributing to U.S. energy security, environmental quality, and economic opportunity

- **Research**

- Sustainable, economical forest biomass systems for public & private lands
- Competitive conversion technologies for biofuels and innovative bioproducts
- Information and tools for decision support and policy analysis



Sustainability Across the Supply Chain



Develop & Deploy

- options
- strategies
- systems
- practices
- products

To Deliver:
sustainable goods,
services, & values

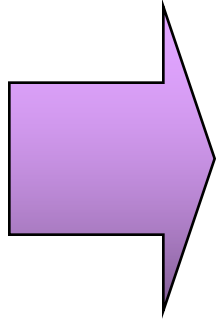


The Opportunity & Potential



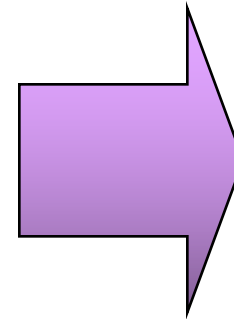
Feedstock

- Forest Residues
- Hazardous Fuel Treatments
- Short Rotation Woody Crops
- Wood Waste
- Conventional Forestry
- Mill Wastes & Residues



Conversion

- Manufacturing
- Co-firing
- Combustion
- Gasification
- Hydrolysis
- Digestion
- Pyrolysis
- Extraction
- Separation



Uses

Fuels:

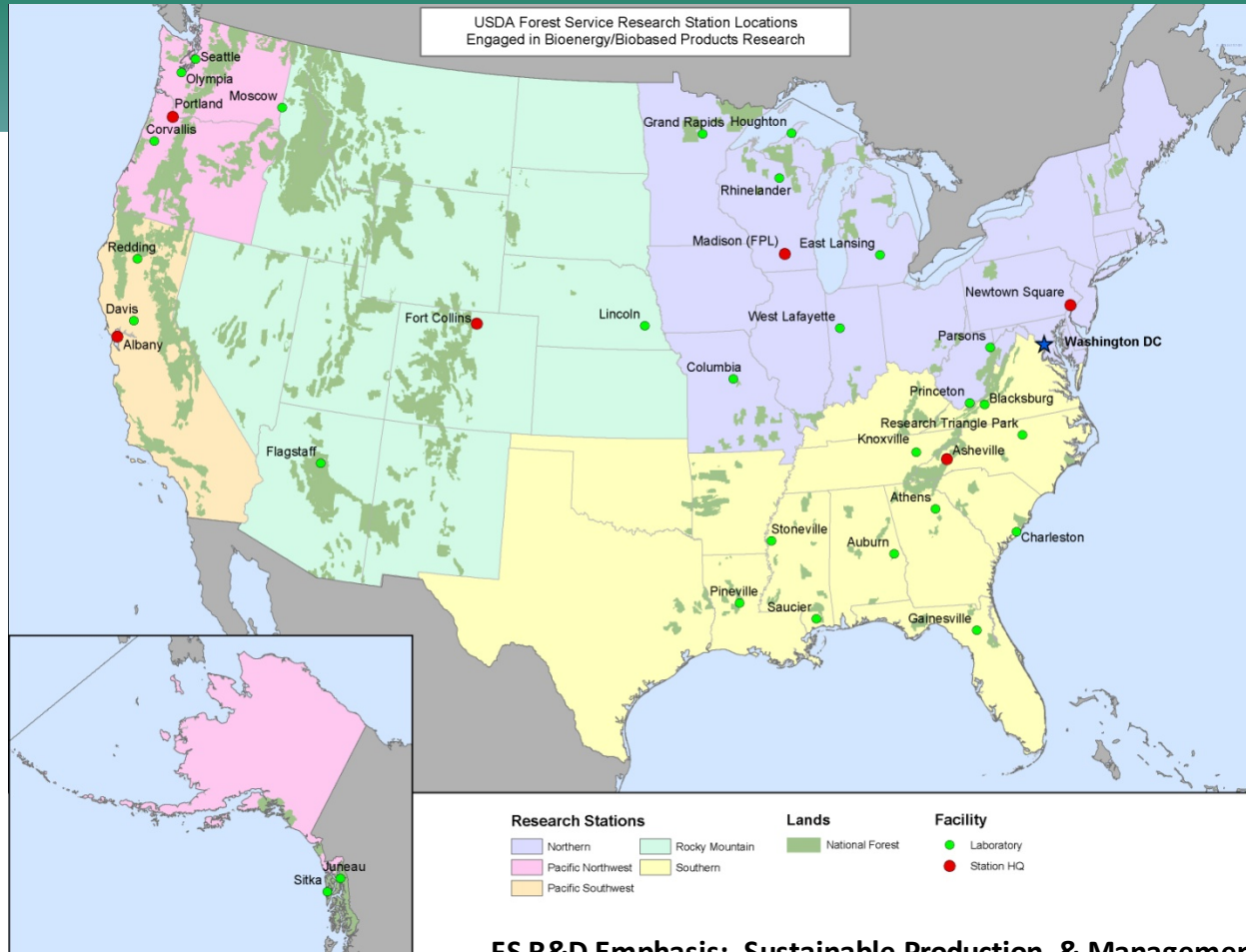
- Liquid Transportation Fuels
- Hydrogen

Electricity and Heat

Biobased Products

- Composites
- Specialty Products
- New Products
- Chemicals
- Traditional Products

FS Energy R&D Locations



FS R&D Emphasis: Sustainable Production & Management

- Southeastern – logistics, operations, transport, srwc, sustainable productivity
- Northern – conversion/products, srwc
- Northwestern – hazardous fuel reduction, sustainable productivity, srwc



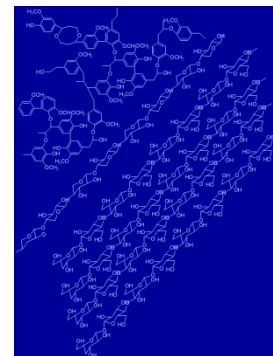
Sustainable Production and Management Research

- Sustainable Soil Productivity
- Integrating Feedstock Production into Forest Management Systems
- Short Rotation Woody Crops
- Forest Operations Research
- Best Management Practices



Conversion and Bioproducts Research

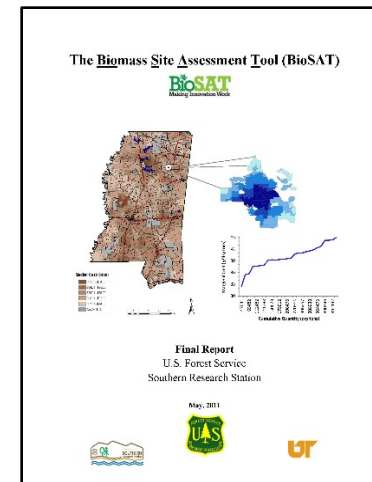
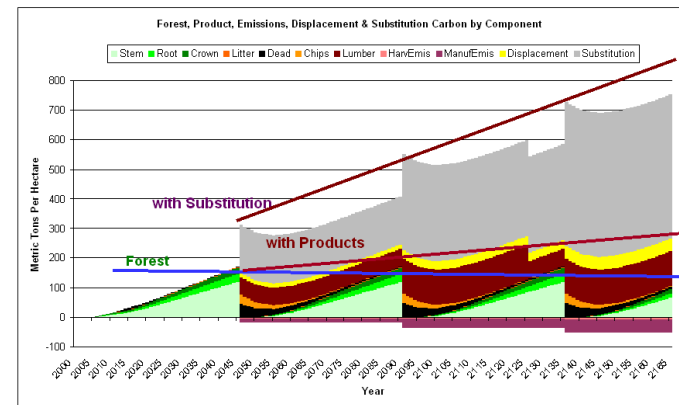
- Lignocellulosic constituent chemistry
- Wood to biofuels conversion
 - Thermochemical
 - Biochemical
- Biorefinery Technologies/VPP
- Cell wall and intermediates



Decision Support and Policy Analysis Research

- Lifecycle analysis
- Siting models
- Sustainability criteria
- Operations cost reduction models
- Integrated land use and markets models

Carbon as the Sustainability Metric: from Forest, Product and Substitution Pools (concrete frame vs wood)



Management for pests, wildlife? Thinning, i.e. biomass removal



Photo credit: USDA Forest Service, Black Hills National Forest

Mountain pine beetle management



Photo credit: Keith Konan

**2001-2009 1.1 Million ha
treated on FS lands**

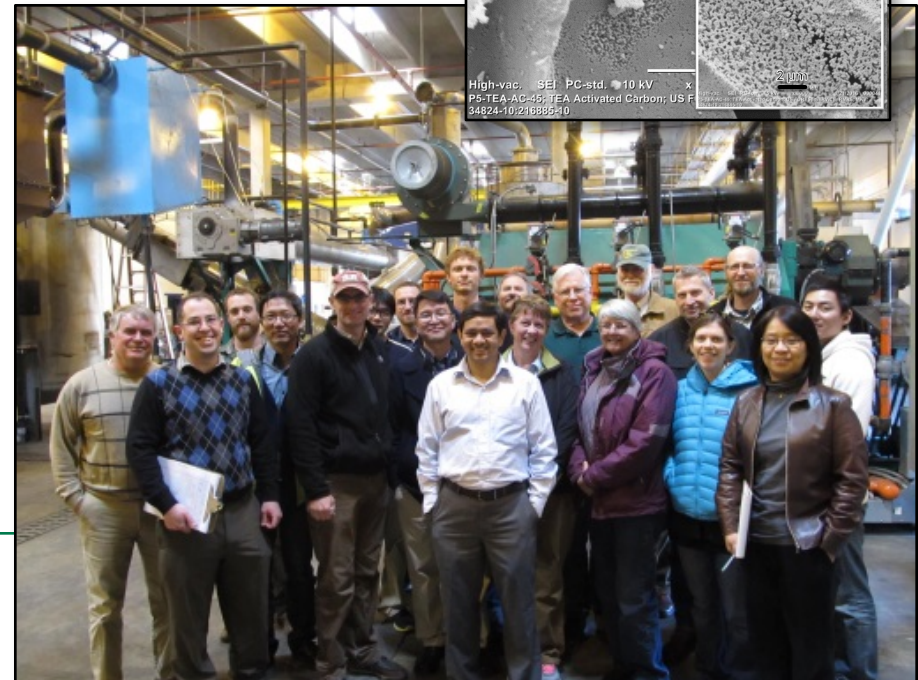


Forest Service

Integrating Sustainable Biofuels and Bioproducts into Forest Industry Supply Chains

- Led by USFS R&D, RMRS
- Logging & mill residue emphasis
- Pyrolysis pathway
- Components
 - Operations research
 - Spatial analysis
 - Financial analysis
 - Activated carbon
 - Catalysts/Fuels
 - Biochar application

Members of the research team
and activated carbon



Biochar Research



Biochar spreader developed by MTDC

- biochar pellets (or bulk biochar)
- skid trails and log landings
- up to 30% slope
- does not increase bulk density if there is a forest floor present
- travels forward and backward



Umatilla NF mine reclamation study

- deployed wood chips, biochar, and Class A biosolids
- combination of all 3 amendments has given the best 2 yr results
- planted grass plugs
- biochar helps hold nutrients leaching from the biosolid



Bitterroot NF thinning project with masticated wood, biochar, and fertilizer

- biochar plots had a 200% increase in diameter growth
- masticated wood was as beneficial as biochar in the short term, but that is starting to taper off after 5 years



Operations Research



Determining the production rate and cost to remove bark during harvesting to increase the biomass value

Bunch drying to reduce hauling and processing costs. Small feller-buncher piles had a lower overall average moisture content



Short Rotation Woody Crops (SRWC)



Forest Service

Research & Development

SRWC – Ecosystem Services Research

☐ Ecological

- ☐ Carbon implications of poplar energy crops throughout the energy supply chain
- ☐ Predicting & mapping biomass of poplar energy crops
- ☐ Biofuels, bioenergy, & bioproducts from short rotation woody crops
- ☐ Siting poplar biomass systems to increase productivity & ecosystem services
- ☐ Water use efficiency of poplars

☐ Economic

- ☐ Enterprise budgets for poplar feedstock production
- ☐ Optimizing species selection & economic performance of woody crops in the Southeastern, USA

☐ Social

- ☐ Landowner adoption preferences



SRWC – Environmental Technologies Research

☐ **Phytoremediation**

- ☐ Phytoremediation of inorganic & organics contaminants
- ☐ Phyto-Recurrent Selection: a method for selecting genotypes for phytotechnologies
- ☐ Salt tolerance & salinity thresholds of woody energy crops
- ☐ Long-term monitoring of hybrid poplars used for phytoremediation in the eastern USA
- ☐ Mitigating nonpoint source pollution impacts on nearshore health in the Great Lakes basin, USA

☐ **Urban Afforestation**

- ☐ Freshkills (Staten Island, New York): landfill to park conversion

☐ **Mine Reclamation**

- ☐ Reclaiming & restoring lands degraded from mining
- ☐ Biochar: a sustainable soil amendment



Thank you

- Marilyn Buford, mbuford@fs.fed.us
- <http://www.fs.fed.us/research/biomass-bioenergy/>

